Republic of the Philippines

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Quezon City

EIGHTEENTH CONGRESS

Second Regular Session

House Bill No.

(In substitution of House Bill numbered 311, 514, 1249, 1411, 2671, 3303, 3433, 3505, 4131, 4196, 4527, 4629, 4719, 5090, 5226, 5806, 6964, 7222, and 7380)

Introduced by Reps. Salceda, Roman, Villafuerte, Vargas, Dy (F.M.C), Yap (V.), Santos-Recto, Silverio, Lacson, Olivarez, Dimaporo (A.), Dimaporo (M.K.), Nieto, Maceda, Malapitan, Martinez, Valeriano, Bordado, Rodriguez, Delos Santos, Gatchalian, Tutor, Villa, Ong, Romulo, Velasco, De Venecia, Go, Cuaresma, Castelo, Balindong, Acop, Acosta-Alba, Reyes (A.), Barba, Cari, Bautista-Bandigan, Bolilia, Castro, Elago, Loyola, Fortuno, Robes, Escudero, Abunda, Mariano-Hernandez, Violago, Dalog, Roque, Bańas-Nograles, Vergara, Tiangco, Savellano, Garcia (J.E.), Espino, Tejada, Cabredo, Bascug, and Lazatin

AN ACT

ESTABLISHING THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS OF THE FUTURE IN TECHNOLOGY, PROVIDING FUNDS THEREFOR, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES

Be it enacted by the Senate and the House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

Section 1. *Short Title*. – This Act shall be known as the "Public Schools of the Future in Technology (PSOFT) Act"

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ARTICLE I POLICIES AND OBJECTIVES

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Sec. 2. *Declaration of Policy*. – The following are hereby declared the policies of the State:

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- (a) Guarantee the highest priority to quality education by taking appropriate mechanism towards inclusion of all Filipino students, regardless of social and economic status;
- (b) Harness technological innovations, processes, and instruments in facilitating teaching and learning processes that would enhance the performance of students and teachers;
- (c) Provide the students the opportunity to enhance their individual capabilities and learning experience through adapting the development in information and communications technology (ICT);
- (d) Create a system that should promote and regulate the use of digital technology in public education;
- (e) Enhance the learning experience of students by providing them access to digitized copies of necessary reference materials and digital and online content programs through

- the use of ICT and other related technologies for the advancement of education in the country;

 (f) Provide an accessible complementary mode of learning to allow students to continue their education during national health emergencies;
 - (g) Encourage the wider participation of private groups, local governments, and community-based organizations in the content generation and utilization of the broader spheres of science and technology;
 - (h) Promote public and private partnership in improving access to quality education and lifelong learning.

Sec. 3. Objectives. – This Act shall pursue the following objectives:

- (a) Establish an Interagency Taskforce to craft and implement the road map for PSOFT;
- (b) Institutionalize a program for the integration of digital technology and innovation in public basic education through the PSOFT Road Map;
- (c) Identify key components of the PSOFT Road Map; and

(d) Provide an expedient public-private partnership (PPP) mechanism to attain the objectives under the PSOFT Road Map.

ARTICLE II DEFINITION OF TERMS

Sec. 4. *Definition of Terms.* – As used in this Act:

- (a) Disruptive Technology refers to any enhance or completely new technology that replaces, disrupts, and renders into obsolescence an existing technology;
- (b) Information and Communications Technology (ICT) refers to the totality of electronic means to access, create, collect, store, process, receive, transmit, present and disseminate information, as defined in Section 3(a) of Republic Act (R.A.) No. 10844, otherwise known as the "Department of Information and Communication Technology Act of 2015";
- (c) New media refers to emerging digital, computerized, or network information and communication technologies that often have interactive capacities, which includes, but should not limited, to e-mail, instant messaging, text messaging, web sites, blogs, interactive gaming, social media, cellphones, and mobile devices;
- (d) Internet Safety Policy refers to age-appropriate, research-based policy that regulates the safe, ethical, and responsible use of the Internet in public education, promotes an informed and critical understanding of the Internet, and educate children and communities about how to prevent or respond to problems or dangers related to the Internet and new media; and
- (e) High Touch, High Tech refers to a policy framework supported by the United Nations Education Commission that espouses the need for educators to find a balance between high-tech and high-touch methods of teaching. The latter being teaching methods that are founded on a teacher's capability to identify, develop, and improve an individual student's academic weakness.

ARTICLE III PUBLIC SCHOOLS OF THE FUTURE IN TECHNOLOGY ROAD MAP

Sec. 5. *Creation of the PSOFT Inter-Agency Task Force*. – There is hereby created the Public Schools of the Future in Technology Inter-Agency Task Force (PSOFT-IATF).

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The PSOFT-IATF, in consultation with concerned non-government entities, including but not limited to private companies, non-profit organizations, and private educational institutions, shall develop the PSOFT Road Map, a consolidation of development plans, programs, and projects to be implemented by various departments and agencies of the national government for the purpose of advancing digital technology and innovation in public basic education.

The Secretary of the Department of Education (DepEd) shall be designated as Chairperson of the PSOFT-IATF and the members shall be composed of, but not limited to, the (1) Secretary of the Department of Information and Communication Technology (DICT), (2) Secretary of the Department of Science and Technology (DOST), (3) Secretary of the National Economic and Development Authority (NEDA), (4) Secretary of the Department of Budget and Management (DBM), and (5) Philippine Space Agency.

The PSOFT-IATF shall finalize the PSOFT Road Map within twelve (12) months from the effectivity of this Act, in accordance with the national development goals, and shall be incorporated in the Philippine Development Plan.

Subject to the approval of the DBM, the DepEd, DICT, and PhilSA may create positions as they deem necessary for the effective implementation of this Act, in accordance with Civil Service laws, rules and regulations.

The Department of Social Welfare and Development (DSWD) shall formulate a program extending assistance to the marginalized and the disadvantaged students to ensure that they may fully participate in the PSOFT Road Map.

Sec. 6. *PSOFT Road Map*. – The PSOFT Road Map shall serve as the basis for programs and projects aimed at improving the quality of education through the use of digital technology.

The PSOFT Road Map shall be subject to review and amendment every three (3) years.

- Sec. 7. Components of the Roadmap. The PSOFT Road Map shall include, but not limited to, the following:
 - (a) Physical and Technological Infrastructure
 - (1) Universal Access to Internet for Public Schools
 - (2) Public Schools of the Future with Technology
 - (3) Annual Investment Program for ICT Devices, Tools, and Equipment
 - (b) Enhanced Digital Education Program
 - (1) National Human Resource Development
 - (2) Training and Development of DepEd personnel
 - (c) Digital Reforms in Public School Administration
 - (1) Internet Safety Policy (2) Strengthening the Enhanced Basic Education Information System (EBEIS)
 - (3) Digital Alternative Learning System (ALS)

- (d) Development of Online Learning Portals
 - (1) DepEd E-Learning Resources
 - (2) Public Online Library

ARTICLE IV PHYSICAL AND TECHNOLOGICAL INFRASTRUCTURE

Sec. 8. Universal Access to Internet for Public Schools. – All public basic education schools shall be provided access to the internet for the purpose of reducing the digital divide among DepEd learners and raising the standards of education in the country.

In addition to traditional means of accessing the internet, such as commercially available connections or existing land-based initiatives of government programs to expand access to the internet, the PSOFT Road Map shall exhaust all options in ensuring internet connectivity for all public schools.

In order to provide the remote areas with digital connectivity, the PSOFT Road Map shall outline cost-effective options of establishing a telecommunication satellite and/or fiber optics as part of the National Government Program under the DICT, DOST, and PhilSA.

The necessary funding to determine the feasibility of a Telecommunication Satellite Program through build, purchase, and/or lease shall be appropriated in accordance with the PSOFT Road Map.

Sec. 9. *Public Schools of the Future in Technology*. – There is hereby instituted a Public School of the Future in Technology in all public elementary and secondary schools.

The Public Schools of the Future in Technology shall adopt the following principles upon administering basic education in the public school system:

- (a) Broaden and maximize the use of ICT to aid learning;
- (b) Establish a system of upgrading and replacing outdated technology;
- (c) Provide technical support to maintain ICT and other technology;
- (d) Train and support teachers and students on ICT and other technology;
- (e) Develop educators to use ICT effectively in the classroom; and
- (f) Ensure that the High Touch, High Tech paradigm will be utilized to keep students engaged and learning outcomes optimal.

Sec. 10. *ICT Devices, Tools, and Equipment*. – The Department of Education shall appropriate and provide the following in all public elementary and secondary schools: Personal Computers (PCs)/Laptops/Tablets/Learning Devices, Digital Classroom equipment, and Internet and Hybrid Intranet Connectivity.

The PSOFT Road Map shall program the procurement of PC/Laptops/Tablets for the educational needs of all elementary and secondary public schools. All learners will be provided with the necessary PC learning devices as stipulated in the PSOFT Road Map. Should budgetary constraints prevent the attainment of such target, the national government shall endeavor to meet a ratio of one (1) device for every six (6) learners from Grades 4-6 to ensure that learners can

make use of productivity tools in the conduct of regular classes. The national government shall also maintain one (1) device for every fifteen (15) learners from Grades 7-12 to ensure that learners can avail of weekly classes on ICT topics that require higher computing power.

All public schools have to be provided with functional digital classrooms in the PSOFT Road Map. Digital Classrooms will be equipped with, but not limited to, digital boards, PC devices, wireless router, multimedia projector, printer, and other needed tools and devices.

Internet and Hybrid Intranet Connectivity that is stable and reliable for all public schools shall be included in the PSOFT Road Map. Educators in public schools shall make use of ICT and hybrid Intranet connectivity as presentation tools to complement traditional teaching methods. The DepEd, with the technical assistance of DICT, shall develop an administrative system in all public schools utilizing hybrid Intranet connectivity in order to enhance organizational management and administration, and streamline front office procedures.

- **Sec. 11**. *PSOFT Pilot Schools*. The National Government shall establish pilot schools in the following academic year after ratification of this Act. The pilot schools will be located in the regions of Metro Manila, Luzon, Visayas, and Mindanao. They will showcase the full implementation of Article IV in this Act as follows:
 - (a) The pilot school shall have full access to the internet and be WiFi ready;
 - (b) The principles found in Section 9 shall be strictly implemented; and
 - (c) ICT devices, tools, and equipment shall be complete with teachers and students enjoying a 1:1 ratio for devices required for their teaching and learning needs.

The DepEd, in coordination with NEDA, shall conduct an impact study of the pilot schools to determine its significance in improving the quality of education. Additional pilot schools can be established in the following years, through the National Budget, Foreign Grants, or in cooperation with Local Government Units, the Private Sector or both.

ARTICLE V ENHANCED DIGITAL EDUCATION

Sec. 12. *National Human Resource Development.* – Students in public elementary and secondary schools must be prepared with disruptive technologies that will come with the Fourth Industrial Revolution and will have a significant impact on skills requirements and on creating a range of opportunities for them in the future.

To better equip students to overcome the challenges enabled by ever-increasing technological change and to improve student engagement and achievement, they shall be provided with introductory courses on foundational technology that will advance their future competencies in said field. The courses on foundational technology to be introduced in the school curriculum shall be provided in the IRR of this Act.

To allow students to acquire the appropriate aptitudes and competencies on these courses, the PSOFT Road Map shall provide for the establishment of Innovation Hubs in every school. Innovation hubs will enable students to hone their skills and techniques using a wide variety of physical and digital tools and equipment. The innovation hubs shall allow teachers and learners to carry out technology-based projects that address local problems in the community.

In addition to the standard ICT curriculum taught for basic education in the public schools, the Department of Education shall endeavor to include the following subject matters in its curriculum:

- (a) Respecting and protecting personal information on the Internet;
- (b) Understanding computer security systems;
- (c) Online gender sensitivity;
- (d) Proper use of social media and social networking;
- (e) Responsible and ethical use of the Internet, photographic equipment, smart phones, and other equipment of similar nature; and
- (f) Insights of the Cybercrime Prevention Act and other related legislation.

The DepEd, in coordination with the DICT, shall enjoin the use of the latter's ICT Literacy Competency and Development Bureau and its relevant specialized ICT subjects to be utilized as electives in Grades 11-12.

Sec. 13. *Training and Development of DepEd Personnel*. – The PSOFT Road Map shall determine the training and development needs of school administrators, teachers, and personnel on ICT.

To ensure that teachers are technologically knowledgeable and well-equipped with the right aptitudes and competencies, the DepEd shall establish an Education Technology Division that shall implement teaching programs and technology-based instruction aids for the effective and efficient performance of teachers under the PSOFT Road Map. The DICT shall extend its support in the implementation of training for teachers on ICT, through its ICT Literacy Competency and Development Bureau.

 The National Educators Academy of the Philippines (NEAP) shall carry out training for educators in public schools to integrate ICT in classroom learning and instruction, to instill professional and educational benefits of investing in ICT, and to develop a proficiency in outsourcing appropriate resources for education.

ARTICLE VI DIGITAL REFORM IN PUBLIC SCHOOL ADMINISTRATION

Sec. 14. *Internet Safety Policy*. — To advance a safe and secured education under the PSOFT Road Map, the DepEd shall formulate and enforce a policy on internet safety for students concerning access to visual depictions that are obscene, pornographic, and harmful to minors, within six months after the effectivity of this act. The Internet Safety Policy should include, but not limited to, the following objectives:

- (a) Identify, develop, and implement Internet safety education, including safe access to educational technology, multimedia and interactive applications, and online resources;
- (b) Develop online risk interventions for learners and children;
- (c) Train and support peer-driven Internet safety education initiatives;
- (d) Coordinate and fund research initiatives on Internet safety education and online risks to learners and children;
- (e) Develop and implement public education campaign to promote awareness of Internet safety education and online risks to learners and children; and

(f) Educate parents on teaching their children the ethical and safer use of the Internet and new media.

Sec. 15. Strengthening the Enhanced Basic Education Information System. – The Enhanced Basic Education Information System (EBEIS) shall be the central school database of the DepEd which contains pertinent information of students concerning their personal data and school records. It shall be updated or strengthened for an efficient management of school records.

 School administrators and personnel shall be trained on the operation and access of the EBEIS. They shall likewise be given access to the EBEIS concerning student records and other related data, such as school attendance, good moral character, digital literacy, digital proficiency, grade level, examinations scores, improvement tracking, and immunization and health record, among others, for purposes of recording student biographical data, handling admissions and discharges, and transferring to other schools.

Any person who is caught illegally altering, falsifying, or misusing student information in the EBEIS shall be sanctioned with the penalty in accordance with R.A. 10173, otherwise known as the "Data Privacy Act of 2012."

Sec. 16. Digital Alternative Learning System. – The DepEd shall institute a digital format of the Alternative Learning System in the PSOFT Road Map. To attain this objective, the DepEd shall provide professional training to teachers and non-teaching personnel involved in this program and formulate the necessary guidelines for its implementation.

ARTICLE VII DEVELOPMENT OF ONLINE LEARNING PORTALS

Sec. 17. *DepEd E-Learning Resources*. – The Department of Education shall develop an online portal that provides access or links to Internet learning resources. The online portal shall include, but not limited to, the following: e-books and videos, learning materials and teachers guides, materials for senior high school subjects ranging from math, disaster readiness, and science, materials on science, agriculture, livelihood and information technology, interactive exercises on math, science, history and economics.

The Department of Education shall refrain from using unverified learning sources such as Wikipedia and develop its own online library as an alternative.

Sec. 18. *Public Online Library*. – The PSOFT Road Map shall include the establishment of the Public Online Library.

The DepEd, DICT, DOST, the Commission on Higher Education (CHED), and the Technical Education and Skills Development Authority (TESDA), in partnership with the National Library of the Philippines, the National Book Development Board, and other concerned government agencies, shall develop and maintain an online repository system that contains educational materials and digitized copies of books and publications suitable for Filipino students and researchers that shall complement learning experience acquired through textbook and reference materials given to students.

 The DepEd shall create digitized copies of all textbooks and reference materials it deems necessary for the education of public elementary and secondary students. The digitized copies of textbooks and reference materials shall be compiled in the Public Online Library, which shall be jointly managed by the DepEd and the DICT.

The DepEd can tap the National Library of the Philippines, other agencies of the government, and the private sector to complement the Public Online Library's digital repository of textbooks with additional materials.

The DepEd and the National Library of the Philippines shall have joint custody over the digitized copies of textbooks and reference materials.

The DICT shall ensure the technological management and security of the online repository system to warrant its integrity.

The authors of the digitized books and publications shall be strictly covered by the protection provided for in R.A 8293, as amended, otherwise known as the "Intellectual Property Code of the Philippines." The DepEd, together with all the concerned agencies, shall ensure that the authors of the digitized books and publications shall be properly remunerated in accordance with law.

ARTICLE VIII PARTNERSHIP MECHANISM AND ROLES OF PARTNERS

Sec. 19. Partnership Mechanism and Roles of Partners. – In the furtherance of the PSOFT Road Map, the DepEd may coordinate and enter into cooperative agreement, agreement or contract with other government agencies, local government units (LGUs), private and non-profit agencies, institutions or organizations duly accredited or recognized by the government, civil society, business and industrial sector, and other concerned sectors.

In conformity with their respective charters and mandates, government agencies shall define and delineate their respective areas of responsibility in the PSOFT Road Map. For the purposes of this Act, these agencies have the following roles:

- (a) The DepEd shall be the lead government agency responsible for the proper and effective implementation of the various provisions of this Act and ensure coordination and collaboration among agencies of the government.
- (b) The DICT shall provide advice on matters relating to ICT and closely coordinate and collaborate in the implementation of this Act. It shall undertake the installation, maintenance, and operation of hybrid intranet connectivity in all public basic education schools, provide an efficient and reliable broadband connection, assist in the implementation of training and development for teachers concerning ICT and ICT-assisted instructions, and coordinate and collaborate in the provision of digital connectivity in public school.
- (c) The PhilSA shall advise and collaborate with DepEd on matters concerning the use of space technology and relevant space-enabled services to implement the provisions of this Act.
- (d) The DOST, CHED, TESDA, DILG, the local government units (LGUs) and other concerned government agencies mentioned in this Act shall provide support and assistance for the attainment of the purpose of this program.

Sec. 20. *Public-Private Partnership for PSOFT*. – The DepEd can pursue public-private partnerships from any of the modalities under R.A. 6975, as amended by R.A 7718, entitled, "An Act Authorizing the Financing, Construction, and Operation and Maintenance of Infrastructure Projects by the Private Sector, and For the Other Purposes."

To this end, the DepEd, in consultation with the Public-Private Partnership (PPP) Center, shall establish a Public-Private Partnership Unit to coordinate all matters relating to PPP, in accordance with the PSOFT Road Map. It shall likewise coordinate with the PPP Center to solicit the support of its Project Development and Monitoring Facility to conduct business case, prefeasibility and feasibility studies, and the preparation of tender documents for the PPP projects of the Department.

ARTICLE IX AUTHORITY TO RECEIVE DONATIONS

- **Sec. 21**. Authority to Receive Donations. The DepEd is authorized to accept grants, contributions, donations, endowments, or bequests in cash or kind from local and foreign sources in support of the development and implementation of this Act. The proceeds of such grants, contributions, donations, endowments, or bequests shall be used to finance the following:
 - (a) Research, development, and utilization of emerging digital technologies;
 - (b) Provisions of computer laptop units and improvement of ICT infrastructure, including hardware and Internet connectivity;
 - (c) Training and capacity building; and
 - (d) Conduct of other activities reasonably necessary to carry out the objectives of this Act.

ARTICLE X REPORTORIAL PROVISIONS

Sec. 22. *Joint Congressional Oversight*. – There is hereby created a Joint Congressional Oversight Committee to oversee, monitor and evaluate the implementation of this Act.

The Oversight Committee shall be composed of five (5) members each from the Senate and the House of Representatives, including the Chairpersons of the Committees on Basic Education and Culture and the Committees on Appropriation and Finance of both houses. The members of the committee for every house shall have at least one (1) opposition or minority member.

Sec. 23. Annual Report. – The DepEd shall submit to both Houses of Congress, or upon the request by the Joint Congressional Oversight Committee, a report giving a detailed account of the status of the implementation of this Act.

ARTICLE XI FINAL PROVISIONS

Sec. 24. *Appropriations*. — The Secretaries of Education and Information and Communications Technology and the Director General of PHilSA shall immediately include in their respective programs the implementation of this Act, the funding of which shall be included in the annual General Appropriations Act.

1	The funding for the implementation of PSOFT Pilot Schools under Section 11 hereof shall
2	be charged against the current year's appropriation of the DepEd.
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4	Sec. 25. Implementing Rules and Regulations. – Within one hundred-twenty (120) days
5	from the effectivity of this Act, the DepEd and DICT, in coordination with other concerned
6	agencies of the government and the private stakeholders, shall promulgate the necessary rules
7	and regulations for the effective implementation of this Act.
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9	Sec. 26. Separability Clause If any provision of this Act is declared unconstitutional,
10	the remainder of this Act or any provision not affected thereby shall remain in full force and
11	effect.
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13	Sec. 27. Repealing Clause All laws, executive orders, presidential decrees,
14	proclamations, rules, regulations, issuances and enactments or parts thereof inconsistent with this
15	Act are hereby repealed or modified accordingly.
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17	Sec. 28. Effectivity. – This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days after its publication in
18	the Official Gazette or in a newspaper of general circulation.
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20	Approved,